

GA HISTORY STUDY GUIDE

1. The first PaleoIndians in Georgia can be described as
2. Georgia's Archaic Indians (10,000-8,000 BCE) built permanent settlements primarily
3. The Little Ice Age impacted Georgia Indians by:
4. One of the main reasons for the decline of major Indian chiefdoms in twelfth century Georgia was
5. The first African-American slaves on record in North America arrived
6. The Spanish foothold in Georgia was initiated
8. James Edward Oglethorpe joined other prominent men in proposing a colony called Georgia that would:
9. Georgia's first government under British rule was
10. The initial boundaries for the Georgia colony would encompass After Oglethorpe left Georgia for the last time, significant changes in the rules of the colony including
14. The "Malcontents" were Georgia colonists who
15. After Georgia became a royal colony in 1752, the local politics was dominated by
16. By the 1750s, Georgia's development as a colony was such that:
17. In order to strengthen the colony's defenses against Native Americans, Governor James Wright:
18. Georgia's role in the Stamp Act Crisis was unique because
19. Many Georgians were reluctant to protest the Intolerable Acts after the Boston Tea Party primarily because

20.

62. Compared to colonial Georgia, antebellum Georgia was:
63. Through the last quarter of the nineteenth century and first quarter of the twentieth century, Georgia:
64. Which is NOT true of race relations in Georgia in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries?
65. Economically, Georgia in the nineteenth century can best be characterized as:
66. Which was NOT an impact that slavery had on nineteenth century Georgia?
67. During World War II, Georgia's economy:
68. The 1944 U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Smith vs. Allwright*:
69. Which of the following statements is NOT true about women's suffrage?
70. Which of the following is NOT true about the textile industry in Georgia during the first three decades of the twentieth century?
71. Governor Eugene Talmadge's primary constituents included:
72. Which of the following statements most accurately describes industrialization in Georgia during the early 20th century (before 1930)?
73. Which of the following best describes lynchings in Georgia during the 20th century?
74. Which of the following was NOT true about the county unit system?
75. Georgia Governor Hoke Smith's administration:
76. The first Black congressman from Georgia to serve in the U.S. House of Representatives since Reconstruction was:
77. Which of the following were commonplace phenomena in Georgia during the Jim Crow era?
78. Which of the following is NOT headquartered in Atlanta?
79. Which of the following statements is most accurate about the state's agriculture in Georgia during the 1920s?
80. Which of the following best describes Governor Zell Miller?

81. The first black mayor of Atlanta, elected in 1973, was:

82. Under the Reorganization Act of 1931, the Georgia General Assembly

83. What is an accurate statement about the New Deal in Georgia?

84. Which of the following statements is NOT true about the battle for women's suffrage and (ultimate) ratification of the 19th

99. Which of the following statements best describes Governor Carl Sanders?

100. Which is NOT true about the Three Governors Controversy?

101. In Georgia, the Ku Klux Klan operating in 1915: